

**Bitte markieren Sie die Antworten im Antwortbogen!**
**Abschnitt 1**

Kyra und Peter sind neu in einem Englischkurs an der Volkshochschule. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

1.  
Peter: Hello, I'm Peter.  
Kyra: Hello Peter. Nice to \_\_\_\_ you.
- a)  know  
b)  meet  
c)  see  
d)  greet
2.  
Peter: I'm from Jena. Where are you from, Kyra?  
Kyra: I'm \_\_\_\_, from Athens.
- a)  a Greece  
b)  Greece  
c)  Greek  
d)  from Greek
3.  
Kyra: Are you in the A1 class, Peter?  
Peter: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.
- a)  I am  
b)  I do  
c)  it is  
d)  you are
4.  
Peter: This is a nice classroom.  
Kyra: Yes, it's big and \_\_\_\_\_.
- a)  clean  
b)  dirty  
c)  small  
d)  hungry

Kyra und Peter treffen sich in der zweiten Unterrichtsstunde wieder. Sie kennen sich jetzt schon etwas besser. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

5.  
Kyra: Hi. How are you?  
Peter: \_\_\_\_\_.
- a)  Yes, I am.  
b)  Fine, thanks.  
c)  I'm Peter, from the A1 class.  
d)  It's good.
6.  
Kyra: I'm hungry.  
Peter: Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ apple?
- a)  a  
b)  an  
c)  one  
d)  some
7.  
Kyra: Thank you.  
Peter: \_\_\_\_\_.
- a)  Fine, thanks.  
b)  Please.  
c)  Thanks.  
d)  You're welcome.
8.  
Peter: There's an English film \_\_\_\_\_ the cinema tonight.  
Kyra: That's interesting.
- a)  at  
b)  by  
c)  in  
d)  to

Am Anfang der nächsten Unterrichtsstunde spricht Kyra mit der Lehrerin. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

9.  
Kyra: I have a problem. I \_\_\_\_\_ my book today.  
Teacher: It's OK.
- a)  have  
b)  don't have  
c)  hasn't  
d)  doesn't have
10.  
Kyra: I like \_\_\_\_\_ English.  
Teacher: Good!
- a)  learn  
b)  learns  
c)  learning  
d)  learned
11.  
Kyra: \_\_\_\_\_ you have a lot of classes?  
Teacher: About ten, I think.
- a)  Are  
b)  Do  
c)  How many  
d)  When
12.  
Teacher: There \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of English classes in this school.
- a)  are  
b)  is  
c)  exists  
d)  give
- Lesen Sie den Text über Peters und Kyras Lehrerin und entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 13-15 richtig (True), falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).**

"Hi my name's Julia Horsham. I'm from Scotland, but live in Germany. I'm a teacher at a language school. It's a nice job. I live here because my husband is German. We have a flat in the city centre. Our dog is called Susie and she's two years old. Our house isn't very big. I'm very fit. I play squash, I go swimming, and I love my bike!"

13.  
Julia is married.
- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information
14.  
She has a daughter.
- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information
15.  
She likes cycling.
- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information

**Abschnitt 2**

Lesen Sie, was jemand über seine Familie sagt. Wählen Sie den Satz aus, der die gleiche Bedeutung hat.

16.  
I love my mother.
- a)  I love them.  
b)  I love she.  
c)  I love her.  
d)  I love him.
17.  
My father's 56.
- a)  He's sixty-five.  
b)  He's fifty-six.  
c)  He's six and fifty.  
d)  He's sixteen five.

18. My brother's a taxi driver.

- a)  He drive taxi.  
 b)  He drive a taxi.  
 c)  He drives a taxi.  
 d)  He's driving taxi.

19. My sister does sport every Thursday and Friday.

- a)  She does sport every two days.  
 b)  She does sport every weekend.  
 c)  She does sport twice a week.  
 d)  She does sport two times in the week

Was sagt man in den folgenden Situationen? Wählen Sie den zu der Situation passenden Satz.

20. What do you say in a restaurant?

- a)  I'd like a pizza, please.  
 b)  I like a pizza, please.  
 c)  I'm like a pizza, please.  
 d)  Can I like pizza, please?

21. What do you say after a good holiday in a nice hotel?

- a)  The hotel was awful.  
 b)  The hotel were awful.  
 c)  The hotel was comfortable.  
 d)  The hotel were comfortable.

22. What do you say on a hot day?

- a)  Can you close the window, please?  
 b)  Can you open the window, please?  
 c)  Do you close the window, please?  
 d)  Do you open the window, please?

23. What do you say before a party?

- a)  Can you come on my party? It's on Saturday.  
 b)  Can you come on my party? It's at Saturday.  
 c)  Can you come to my party? It's on Saturday.  
 d)  Can you come to my party? It's at Saturday.

Lesen Sie einen Bericht über einen Ausflug in die schottische Stadt Edinburgh. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

24. Last Saturday we \_\_\_\_\_ to Edinburgh.

- a)  wanted  
 b)  was  
 c)  were  
 d)  went

25. We visited the castle \_\_\_\_\_ the morning.

- a)  at  
 b)  by  
 c)  in  
 d)  on

26. We \_\_\_\_\_ the Queen there.

- a)  can't see  
 b)  didn't saw  
 c)  didn't see  
 d)  don't see

27. We \_\_\_\_\_ in a nice hotel in the centre.

- a)  stayed  
 b)  lived  
 c)  rested  
 d)  visited

Lesen Sie nun diese Postkarte aus Edinburgh. Entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 28-30 richtig (True), falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).

*Hello from Edinburgh!  
 The city is beautiful - we both love it. Yesterday (Saturday) we visited the castle and I got this postcard from the gift shop. We had dinner in a very modern restaurant and then we had one or two glasses of whisky in a nice old pub. Today we're at the Botanic Garden.  
 Jane*

28. Jane went to Edinburgh with friends.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

29. Jane bought something yesterday.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

30. Jane ate something last night.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

### Abschnitt 3

Lesen Sie Informationen über Mike und Sue. Wählen Sie die richtigen Antworten.

31. Mike and Sue live in one of \_\_\_\_\_ big houses in Park Road.

- a)  this  
 b)  that  
 c)  these  
 d)  those

32. Mike and Sue often go out with \_\_\_\_\_ friends.

- a)  them  
 b)  they  
 c)  their  
 d)  they're

33. Mike's interested \_\_\_\_\_ classical music.

- a)  for  
 b)  in  
 c)  to  
 d)  with

34. But Sue doesn't like classical music very \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  good  
 b)  well  
 c)  many  
 d)  much

Lesen Sie diese Informationen über den Alltag einer Person. Wählen Sie den zu der Situation passenden Satz.

35. My day starts at 6 am.

- a)  I get up early.  
 b)  I go up early.  
 c)  I stand up early.  
 d)  I stay up early.

36. I start work at 8 am every day.
- a)  Always I start work at eight  
 b)  I always start work at eight.  
 c)  I start work always at eight.  
 d)  I start work at eight always.

37. On most days, I leave the office at 5 pm.
- a)  I never leave the office before five.  
 b)  I'm often late for work.  
 c)  I sometimes go home at five.  
 d)  I usually finish work at five.

38. I go to bed at 10.30 pm.
- a)  I go to bed at half past ten.  
 b)  I go to bed at half past eleven.  
 c)  I go to bed at quarter past ten.  
 d)  I go to bed at quarter to eleven.

**Lesen Sie Informationen über einen jungen Bankangestellten namens David. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

39. David wore his new \_\_\_\_\_ to work at the bank yesterday.
- a)  dress  
 b)  skirt  
 c)  suit  
 d)  swimming costume
40. He didn't have time for lunch because he was so \_\_\_\_\_.
- a)  busy  
 b)  foggy  
 c)  funny  
 d)  sleepy

41. In the afternoon, he \_\_\_\_\_ a long email to his girlfriend.
- a)  write  
 b)  writing  
 c)  written  
 d)  wrote

42. But he \_\_\_\_\_ it to his girlfriend – he sent it to his boss!
- a)  send  
 b)  sent  
 c)  didn't send  
 d)  didn't sent

**Gestern Abend ging David mit seinem Vater aus. Lesen Sie, was sein Vater sagt und entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 43-45 richtig (True), falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).**

*"My son, David, lives near me. Last night we went to a pub in Moreton and we had a nice evening. We sat in the sunny pub garden and we talked about David's job at the bank. He wants to do a course to be a bank manager. I'm a retired French teacher, so I don't know much about banks."*

43. The weather was wet.
- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information
44. David doesn't like his boss.
- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

45. David's father teaches French.
- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

**Abschnitt 4:**

**Lesen Sie Informationen über einen Delikatessenladen. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

46. There's a very nice delicatessen in my town. It's \_\_\_\_\_ to the bookshop.
- a)  next  
 b)  in front  
 c)  opposite  
 d)  by

47. They have so \_\_\_\_\_ delicious things there.
- a)  much  
 b)  many  
 c)  a lot of  
 d)  very

48. I bought \_\_\_\_\_ olives there yesterday.
- a)  a  
 b)  an  
 c)  some  
 d)  any

49. They didn't have \_\_\_\_\_ green olives, so I bought a jar of black ones.
- a)  much  
 b)  so  
 c)  some  
 d)  any

**Lesen Sie Informationen über die englische Stadt Oxford. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

50. Oxford is \_\_\_\_\_ the oldest towns in England.
- a)  one of  
 b)  under  
 c)  from  
 d)  many

51. I think it's more interesting \_\_\_\_\_ Cambridge.
- a)  as  
 b)  like  
 c)  than  
 d)  then

52. You can go from London to Oxford \_\_\_\_\_ train.
- a)  by  
 b)  by the  
 c)  with  
 d)  with the

53. Could you \_\_\_\_\_ me the way from Oxford station to the botanic gardens, please?
- a)  ask  
 b)  describe  
 c)  say  
 d)  tell

Zwei Freunde besprechen ihre Pläne für den Nachmittag. Wählen Sie die passende Antwort zu der jeweiligen Frage bzw. Aussage.

54.  
What are your plans for this afternoon?
- a)  I phone my mother.  
b)  I phone with my mother.  
c)  I'm going to phone my mother.  
d)  I'm going to phone with my mother.
55.  
And you? What are your plans?
- a)  I have a date at the doctor's.  
b)  I have an appointment at the doctor's.  
c)  I must to the doctor's.  
d)  I will go to the doctor's.
56.  
Shall we go out later?
- a)  Yes, how about seven o'clock?  
b)  Yes, how is seven o'clock?  
c)  Yes, what's with seven o'clock?  
d)  Yes, what's for seven o'clock?
57.  
Have a good afternoon!
- a)  Thanks. And the same to me.  
b)  Thanks. We see us later.  
c)  Thanks. See you later.  
d)  Thanks. Until later.

Eine Französin ruft bei einer Softwarefirma an. Lesen Sie das kurze Telefonat. Wählen Sie aus der Liste darunter für jede Lücke das passende Wort.

Receptionist:  
*Hello. TechWare. Can I help you?*

Caller:  
*Oh hello. (58) \_\_\_\_\_ Françoise Dupont. (59) \_\_\_\_\_ I speak to George Waverley, please?*

Receptionist:  
*I'm sorry. He's (60) \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. Can he call you back after lunch?*

Caller:  
*Yes, of course. He has my number.*

Receptionist:  
*Thanks. Goodbye.*

- 58.
- a)  Here is  
b)  This is  
c)  I am  
d)  You are
- 59.
- a)  Do  
b)  Did  
c)  Could  
d)  Would
- 60.
- a)  here  
b)  there  
c)  away  
d)  out

## Abschnitt 5

Michele stellt Doreen Fragen zu ihrer Familie. Lesen Sie, was gesagt wird, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

61.  
Michele: Has your daughter got a good job?  
Doreen: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.
- a)  she did  
b)  she has  
c)  she got  
d)  she's got
62.  
Michele: How long has she had her job?  
Doreen: She's had it \_\_\_\_\_ ten years.
- a)  already  
b)  for  
c)  in  
d)  since
63.  
Michele: Is she married?  
Doreen: Yes, she's been married \_\_\_\_\_ 2005.
- a)  already  
b)  for  
c)  in  
d)  since
64.  
Michele: Is your daughter's husband from England?  
Doreen: No, my \_\_\_\_\_ is from Spain.
- a)  grandson  
b)  nephew  
c)  son-in-law  
d)  stepson

Michele und Doreen reden über Flüge. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

65.  
Doreen: Have you \_\_\_\_\_ flown first class?  
Michele: No, but I've flown business class.
- a)  any time  
b)  at once  
c)  ever  
d)  every
66.  
Doreen: When did you fly business class?  
Michele: I \_\_\_\_\_ business class last year, when I went to South Africa.
- a)  did fly  
b)  flew  
c)  fly  
d)  have flown
67.  
Doreen: Was it a pleasant flight?  
Michele: No, it was awful. A man next to me \_\_\_\_\_ travel sick.
- a)  did feel  
b)  feels  
c)  felt  
d)  has felt
68.  
Doreen: Did the cabin crew help him?  
Michele: They told him: If you feel travel sick, you \_\_\_\_\_ to sleep.
- a)  better  
b)  shall  
c)  should  
d)  should try

Michele und Doreen sind im Zoo. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

69.

Michele: Are we allowed to feed the animals?

Doreen: No, we \_\_\_\_\_ feed the animals.

- a)  don't have to  
 b)  don't have time to  
 c)  don't need to  
 d)  mustn't

70.

Michele: Are we allowed to take photos?

Doreen: Yes, of course. \_\_\_\_\_ takes photos at the zoo.

- a)  Anybody  
 b)  Everybody  
 c)  Nobody  
 d)  Somebody

71.

Michele: Does the zoo close at five o'clock?

Doreen: No, we \_\_\_\_\_ stay until six.

- a)  are allowed to  
 b)  don't have to  
 c)  must  
 d)  mustn't

72.

Doreen: Has that poor woman lost her children?

Michele: Yes, she has. She can't find them \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  anywhere  
 b)  everywhere  
 c)  nowhere  
 d)  somewhere

Lesen Sie, was Doreen sagt. Entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 73-75 richtig (True) oder falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).

After my husband died I was all alone in our big house, so I sold it and moved to a small flat in the city centre. Now I can walk to work or go by bicycle. I had to sell most of our furniture but I have kept an antique clock that belonged to my grandfather. My colleagues at work say I should find a new hobby or maybe even a new partner.

73.

Doreen is widowed.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

74.

Doreen likes her job.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

75.

Doreen has found a new partner.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

### Abschnitt 6:

John und Andrea reden über Andreas Eltern. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

76.

John: Listen! Somebody's playing the violin.

Andrea: That's my dad. He often \_\_\_\_\_ the violin on Saturdays.

- a)  does play  
 b)  is playing  
 c)  playing  
 d)  plays

77.

John: Can your mom play the violin, too?

Andrea: Not any more, but she \_\_\_\_\_ play the violin when she was younger.

- a)  can  
 b)  could  
 c)  should  
 d)  was able

78.

John: Could she also play the piano when she was younger?

Andrea: No, she says she was never \_\_\_\_\_ play the piano at all.

- a)  able  
 b)  able to  
 c)  could  
 d)  couldn't

79.

John: What's your mom doing right now?

Andrea: She's trying to fix the toilet. I think she should call \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  a mechanic  
 b)  a plumber  
 c)  a sculptor  
 d)  an electrician

**Bobby spricht mit seinem Großvater. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

80.

Bobby: Grandpa, are you a teacher?

Grandpa: I \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher, but now I'm retired.

- a)  am formerly  
 b)  used to be  
 c)  was been  
 d)  was used

81.

Grandpa: What do you want to do when you grow up?

Bobby: I don't know. Maybe \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher, too.

- a)  I be  
 b)  I become  
 c)  I'll become  
 d)  will I be

82.

Bobby: Did you use to take the bus to school when you were a child?

Grandpa: No, I used to ride my bicycle to school. I \_\_\_\_\_ the bus.

- a)  didn't use to take  
 b)  took not  
 c)  used not  
 d)  used not to take

83.

Bobby: Is that your watch?

Grandpa: Yes, it is. It used to belong to my father, but now it's \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  his  
 b)  me  
 c)  mine  
 d)  my

Lesen Sie diese Aussagen über eine zerbrochene Vase und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

84. I'm very sorry I broke your vase. \_\_\_\_\_ a new one.

- a)  Buy me  
 b)  I am buying  
 c)  I buy you  
 d)  I'll buy you

85. She'll be very happy if you \_\_\_\_\_ her a new vase.

- a)  are buying  
 b)  buy  
 c)  had bought  
 d)  will buy

86. If you don't buy her a new vase, she \_\_\_\_\_ be very happy.

- a)  does not  
 b)  don't  
 c)  not  
 d)  won't

87. This vase is too small. It's not big \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  around  
 b)  enough  
 c)  extend  
 d)  Size

Lesen Sie den Text mit Vorhersagen über die Zukunft. Entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 88-90 richtig (True) oder falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).

*In the future, people won't be allowed to drive cars or park in the city centre. There isn't enough space for all those cars. More people will travel by tram or by bicycle. Cars will be smaller and will have electric motors. People will live closer to the city centre. Houses and flats will be smaller, but they will have better insulation.*

88. Cars and houses will have better air conditioning.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information\

89. There will be more parking spaces in the city centre.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

90. People won't live so far from the city centre.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

#### Abschnitt 7:

Mary und Sybille reden über Flugreisen. Wählen Sie die passende Formulierung für Sybilles Fragen.

91. Mary: I drove someone to the airport last week.  
 Sybille: Who \_\_\_\_\_ to the airport last week?

- a)  did you drive  
 b)  do you drive  
 c)  drive you  
 d)  drove you

92. Mary: Someone drove me to the airport yesterday.  
 Sybille: Who \_\_\_\_\_ to the airport yesterday?

- a)  did you drive  
 b)  do you drive  
 c)  drive you  
 d)  drove you

93. Mary: I was picked up somewhere at four o'clock.  
 Sybille: Where \_\_\_\_\_ at four o'clock?

- a)  are you picked up  
 b)  did you pick up  
 c)  picked you up  
 d)  were you picked up

94. Mary: Most of my other flights have been more comfortable than this one.  
 Sybille: Why wasn't this flight \_\_\_\_\_ the others?

- a)  as comfortable as  
 b)  as comfortable than  
 c)  more comfortable as  
 d)  so comfortable than

Wie müssen diese Fragen formuliert werden? Wählen Sie die richtige Form.

95. You work in an office, \_\_\_\_\_?

- a)  did you  
 b)  don't you  
 c)  or  
 d)  work you

96. Do you have colleagues \_\_\_\_\_ help you with your work?

- a)  some  
 b)  what  
 c)  where  
 d)  who

97. Did you \_\_\_\_\_ open a bank account when you got your job?

- a)  had to  
 b)  have to  
 c)  must  
 d)  mustn't

98. Is your grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ or does he still work?

- a)  reminded  
 b)  removed  
 c)  responsible  
 d)  retired

Doreen und Michele reden über Kopenhagen. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

99. Doreen: Did you go to Copenhagen by train?  
 Michele: Yes, we did. There are several trains a day and the journey from Hamburg \_\_\_\_\_ less than five hours.

- a)  has taken  
 b)  is taking  
 c)  takes  
 d)  was taking

100.

Doreen: What was the weather like in Copenhagen when you arrived?

Michele: It was cool and windy, but the sun \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  did shine  
 b)  shined  
 c)  shone  
 d)  was shining

101.

Doreen: What were you doing when you saw the Crown Prince?

Michele: I was eating at an outdoor restaurant when he suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ past.

- a)  is walking  
 b)  walk  
 c)  walked  
 d)  was walking

102.

Michele: Speaking of trains, aren't you going home by train today?

Doreen: Oh my goodness, yes. I must hurry. My train \_\_\_\_\_ in twenty minutes.

- a)  catch  
 b)  leaves  
 c)  left  
 d)  was leaving

**Lesen Sie die Beschreibung. Entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 103-105 richtig (True) oder falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).**

*Spiez is a town in Switzerland where we changed trains on our way to Milan. We had half an hour between trains. The view from the station was marvellous. Boats were crossing the lake, lovely white clouds were moving between the mountains and people on bicycles were riding along the paths. Then our train arrived and we had to get on. We were sorry we had to leave.*

103.

They were annoyed that they had to change trains in Spiez.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

104.

Their train was late.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

105.

They enjoyed the beautiful scenery while they were waiting.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

**Abschnitt 8:**

**George und Anne versuchen, einen Termin zu vereinbaren. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

106.

George: Can we meet next Monday evening?

Anne: Sorry, \_\_\_\_\_ dinner with my parents next Monday evening.

- a)  I arrange  
 b)  I decided  
 c)  I have  
 d)  I'm having

107.

George: Could we meet on Tuesday, perhaps?

Anne: No, I've \_\_\_\_\_ booked a business trip for next Tuesday and Wednesday.

- a)  before  
 b)  just  
 c)  so even  
 d)  yesterday

108.

George: Are you free next Friday, by any chance?

Anne: Yes, Friday would be fine. I haven't made any plans for Friday \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  already  
 b)  not  
 c)  now  
 d)  yet

109.

George: Do you know the new French restaurant Chez Monique?

Anne: Yes, I've \_\_\_\_\_ eaten there. It's very good.

- a)  already  
 b)  last week  
 c)  truly  
 d)  yet

**Pauline und Howard reden über Howards Firma. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

110.

Pauline: Did you all have a good time at the company party?

Howard: Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_ very much.

- a)  enjoyed  
 b)  enjoyed oneself  
 c)  enjoyed ourselves  
 d)  enjoyed us

111.

Pauline: Do you eat proper meals at work, or just junk food?

Howard: Don't worry, we always eat \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  good  
 b)  health  
 c)  healthily  
 d)  healthy

112.

Pauline: You look tired. Did you work all night?

Howard: Yes, I need \_\_\_\_\_ sleep before I go to work.

- a)  a few  
 b)  a little  
 c)  small  
 d)  still

113.

Pauline: Have you finished writing your report?

Howard: No, I still have to write \_\_\_\_\_ more pages.

- a)  a bit of  
 b)  a few  
 c)  a little  
 d)  enough

**George und Howard reden über Autos. Lesen Sie, was sie sagen, und wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.**

114.

George: Is that your father's car over there?

Howard: No, it \_\_\_\_\_ his car. His is a different colour.

- a)  can't be  
 b)  could be  
 c)  must be  
 d)  not be

115.

George: Does your wife like cars?  
 Howard: No, she doesn't like cars and I don't like them, \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  also  
 b)  either  
 c)  not  
 d)  too

116.

George: Cars are bad for the environment.  
 Howard: I agree. If we continue to drive so much, \_\_\_\_\_ our planet.

- a)  we have ruined  
 b)  we ruin  
 c)  we would ruin  
 d)  we'll ruin

117.

George: People who drive cars don't get enough exercise.  
 Howard: Yes, we would all be healthier if we \_\_\_\_\_ so much.

- a)  didn't drive  
 b)  don't drive  
 c)  won't drive  
 d)  wouldn't drive

**Lesen Sie was Lena über ihre Brief-  
 freundin sagt. Entscheiden Sie, ob die  
 Aussagen 118-120 richtig (True) oder  
 falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text da-  
 zu keine Informationen enthält (No in-  
 formation).**

*Next Monday afternoon at three o'clock at the station I'm meeting my pen friend from Australia. Actually we're not pen friends, we're e-mail friends. I'm very excited because we have never met before. She sounds very nice from her e-mails and we already know a lot about each other. This will be her first visit to Germany and I think she is excited, too.*

118.

The time and place of their meeting has already been arranged.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

119.

They don't write with pens but with computers.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

120.

They've been exchanging e-mails for three years.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

**Abschnitt 9:**

**Erica spricht mit einem neuen Nach-  
 barn. Was fragt sie ihn? Wählen Sie die  
 richtige Antwort.**

121.

How long \_\_\_\_\_ in your new house?

- a)  are you living  
 b)  do you live  
 c)  have you lived  
 d)  live you

122.

When exactly \_\_\_\_\_ in?

- a)  are you moving  
 b)  do you move  
 c)  have you moved  
 d)  did you move

123.

\_\_\_\_\_ all your neighbours?

- a)  Are you knowing  
 b)  Do you know  
 c)  Have you known  
 d)  Were you knowing

124.

\_\_\_\_\_ my daughter yet?

- a)  Are you meeting  
 b)  Do you meet  
 c)  Have you met  
 d)  Were you meeting

**Erica spricht über das Einkaufen. Wäh-  
 len Sie die richtige Antwort.**

125.

I was trying on a pair of shoes  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Anna came into the shop.

- a)  as  
 b)  during  
 c)  when  
 d)  while

126.

I tried on a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  jean  
 b)  jeans  
 c)  jeans trousers  
 d)  pair of jeans

127.

I like this pullover. What's your  
 \_\_\_\_\_, Anna?

- a)  meaning  
 b)  opinion  
 c)  think  
 d)  thoughts

128.

I wanted to pay but then I realised I  
 \_\_\_\_\_ my money at home.

- a)  had left  
 b)  leave  
 c)  left  
 d)  was leaving

**Erica und ihr Freund Tom wollen Geld  
 spenden. Wählen Sie den Satz mit der  
 ähnlichen Bedeutung.**

129.

- Could I borrow your pen, please?  
 a)  Could I borrow me your pen, please?  
 b)  Could I lend your pen, please?  
 c)  Could you borrow me your pen, please?  
 d)  Could you lend me your pen, please?

130.

- He's going to give £10 to a cats home.  
 a)  He intends to give £10 to a cats home.  
 b)  He might give £10 to a cats home.  
 c)  He needs to give £10 to a cats home.  
 d)  He won't give £10 to a cats home.

131.

- I'd prefer to give it to a children's charity.  
 a)  I did rather give it to a children's charity.  
 b)  I had rather give it to a children's charity.  
 c)  I should rather give it to a children's charity.  
 d)  I would rather give it to a children's charity.

132.

- I won't give any money unless he does.  
 a)  He'll give some money if I do.  
 b)  He won't give any money if I don't.  
 c)  I'll give some money if he does.  
 d)  I won't give any money if he does.

Lesen Sie etwas über Ericas alten Freund Tom. Entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 133-135 richtig (True) oder falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).

Tom is forty-six – actually, our birthday is on the same day. We used to go to the same school and we've been friends since then – that's over forty years! Tom's wife, Ilona, died last year and both their children had already left home so Tom's all on his own in that big house – but the kids come and visit him regularly.

133.

Erica and Tom have been friends for less than forty years.

- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information

134.

Tom and Ilona had a happy marriage.

- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information

135.

Tom lives alone.

- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information

**Abschnitt 10:**

Erica spricht über Sicherheit. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

136.

I think flying is \_\_\_\_\_ driving.

- a)  more safe as  
b)  safer as  
c)  safer than  
d)  safer then

137.

What do you think is one of \_\_\_\_\_ ways to travel?

- a)  dangerous  
b)  less dangerous  
c)  more dangerous  
d)  the most dangerous

138.

Stefan isn't here - he \_\_\_\_\_ to the doctor's.

- a)  goes  
b)  has been  
c)  has gone  
d)  will go

139.

Why? Because he \_\_\_\_\_ off his bike at lunchtime.

- a)  fall  
b)  feels  
c)  fell  
d)  has fallen

Erica spricht über eine Flugreise, die sie letzte Woche gemacht hat. Wählen Sie den Satz mit der ähnlichen Bedeutung.

140.

The man at the check-in desk said, „We don't have your reservation.

- a)  He said me that they don't have my reservation.  
b)  He told me that they don't have my reservation.  
c)  He told me that they didn't have my reservation.  
d)  He told that they didn't have my reservation.

141.

The woman at security said, „Please open your bag.

- a)  She wanted me opening my bag.  
b)  She wanted me to open my bag.  
c)  She wanted to open my bag.  
d)  She wanted that I open my bag.

142.

I'm glad all flights are non-smoking.

- a)  I didn't know you're not allowed to smoke on the plane.  
b)  I'm disappointed you can't smoke on planes.  
c)  I think air passengers should be able to smoke.  
d)  I think it's good that no-one can smoke on planes.

143.

I must get a new passport by December 25th.

- a)  I can use my old passport until January.  
b)  I have to get a new passport before Christmas.  
c)  I need a new passport until December.  
d)  My passport is valid till next year.

Erica wartet auf ihren Freund Tom. Wählen Sie die richtige Antwort.

144.

He's coming here by car and there's a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ on the motorway.

- a)  accident  
b)  heavy traffic  
c)  thick traffic  
d)  traffic jam

145.

He's late - he \_\_\_\_\_ here an hour ago.

- a)  couldn't have been  
b)  might be  
c)  should be  
d)  should have been

146.

I'm not keen on \_\_\_\_\_ a car in weather conditions like these.

- a)  drive  
b)  driving  
c)  to be driven  
d)  to drive

147.

Tom's \_\_\_\_\_ a good driver that I'm sure he'll be OK.

- a)  really  
b)  so  
c)  such  
d)  very

Lesen Sie den Text über Ericas Urlaubspläne. Entscheiden Sie, ob die Aussagen 148-150 richtig (True) oder falsch (False) sind oder ob der Text dazu keine Informationen enthält (No information).

Well, I've always wanted to go to South Africa – it's been a dream of mine since I was a child. I'm really looking forward to seeing the wildlife there. I'm planning to go on a photo safari and shoot animals with my camera, not with guns! The one thing I'm a bit worried about is the crime rate in the cities.

148.

She used to take photos of animals when she was a child.

- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information

149.

She's going to kill animals.

- a)  True  
b)  False  
c)  No information

150. Her only concern is the amount of crime.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

**Abschnitt 11:**

Peter's talking to his classmates in the English course. Choose the right answers.

151. I've been in this class \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  since twelve months  
 b)  for a couple of years  
 c)  six months ago  
 d)  two year

152. My wife's in the class, too. \_\_\_\_\_ speak much English outside the lesson.

- a)  Either of us  
 b)  Both of us  
 c)  Neither of us  
 d)  All of us

153. \_\_\_\_\_ this teacher since last term.

- a)  I know  
 b)  I'm knowing  
 c)  I've known  
 d)  I've been knowing

154. The students are friendly – we all get \_\_\_\_\_ really well.

- a)  off  
 b)  over  
 c)  by  
 d)  on

Peter is talking about his home. Choose the right answers.

155. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ a bigger flat – or a house.

- a)  would have  
 b)  will have  
 c)  had  
 d)  was having

156. I'd move to a bigger flat \_\_\_\_\_ enough money.

- a)  when I have  
 b)  if I would have  
 c)  unless I had  
 d)  if I had

157. I didn't renovate the flat myself, I \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  had done it  
 b)  let it done  
 c)  had it done  
 d)  have done it

158. The firm was called Hodgeson's or Hopkins – I can't really \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  remember  
 b)  remember me  
 c)  remind me  
 d)  remember myself

Peter went to the cinema last night. Choose the right answer.

159. We arrived a bit late – \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  and the film had already started  
 b)  and the film has already begun  
 c)  but the film didn't start yet  
 d)  but the film wasn't already starting

160. We ordered the tickets online \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  so that we mustn't queue  
 b)  because we haven't to queue  
 c)  to avoid queueing  
 d)  in order we didn't have to queue

161. There was a school class in the cinema and the teacher \_\_\_\_\_ popcorn.

- a)  stopped them eating  
 b)  stopped them to eat  
 c)  stopped them eat  
 d)  stop them to eat

162. When will \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- a)  release the next Bond film?  
 b)  the next Bond film be released  
 c)  be the next Bond film released  
 d)  the next Bond film be release

Read about Peter's wife Melanie. Decide if the statements 163 to 165 are true or false or if there's no information in the text.

*Melanie was born in Leipzig but moved to Berlin when the Wall came down in 1988, and she's lived there ever since. She's now in her early forties and has been married to Peter for the past ten years. Although they have a three-year-old, Melanie still manages to work part time at the local newspaper office.*

163. Melanie lives in Berlin.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

164. Melanie and Peter have a three-year-old son.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

165. Melanie has a full time job.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

**Abschnitt 12:**

Choose the sentence with a similar meaning.

166. "Where have you been?", she asked.

- a)  She asked where I was.  
 b)  She asked where I've been.  
 c)  She asked where I'd been.  
 d)  She asked where I went.

167. She told him he wouldn't be late.

- a)  You wouldn't be late.  
 b)  You'll be late.  
 c)  You don't want to be late.  
 d)  You won't be late.

168. "Do you want to leave earlier?", she asked him.

- a)  She asked him did you want to leave early.  
 b)  She asked him if he wanted to leave early.  
 c)  She asked him to leave early.  
 d)  She asked him if he had wanted to leave early.

169. They let me take a later train.

- a)  They made me travel later.  
 b)  They allowed me to get a later train.  
 c)  They left me to take a later train.  
 d)  They said I had to take a later train.

Peter is talking about lifestyle improvements. Choose the right answers.

170. He plans to \_\_\_\_\_ a new hobby.

- a)  give up  
 b)  get up  
 c)  take up  
 d)  look up

171. He \_\_\_\_\_ on a diet.

- a)  won't probably go  
 b)  probably won't go  
 c)  isn't probably going to go  
 d)  probably isn't

172. He's looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a)  become healthy  
 b)  getting healthier  
 c)  becoming muscles  
 d)  get healthy

173. You want to join a sports club, \_\_\_\_\_?

- a)  did you  
 b)  won't you  
 c)  do you  
 d)  don't you

Peter is talking about how he met Melanie. Choose the right answers.

174. We met \_\_\_\_\_ at university and later got married.

- a)  ourselves  
 b)  another  
 c)  each other  
 d)  us

175. If I \_\_\_\_\_ to the same university, we wouldn't have met.

- a)  had been  
 b)  didn't go  
 c)  wouldn't have gone  
 d)  hadn't gone

176. She would have ignored me if I \_\_\_\_\_ her out every day for a week!

- a)  hadn't asked  
 b)  didn't ask  
 c)  wouldn't ask  
 d)  wouldn't have asked

177. You did the right thing. In your position, I \_\_\_\_\_ the same thing.

- a)  do  
 b)  wouldn't do  
 c)  would have done  
 d)  won't do

Read a report about the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. Decide if the statements 178 to 180 are true or false or if there's no information in the text.

*When policemen were walking from court with Lee Harvey Oswald, the assassin of President JF Kennedy, one police officer said, "Lee, if anyone tries to shoot you, I hope they are as good a shot as you are." Oswald replied, "Oh, no-one's going to shoot at me." Those were his last words, moments before Jack Ruby shot and killed him.*

178. Oswald was just going to trial.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

179. Kennedy's first name was Jack.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information

180. Oswald was killed by Jack Ruby.

- a)  True  
 b)  False  
 c)  No information